

§ 652.206

(4) The funds supplement, rather than supplant, funds provided from non-Federal sources.

§ 652.206 May a State use funds authorized under the Act to provide “core services” and “intensive services” as defined in WIA?

Yes, funds authorized under section 7(a) of the Act must be used to provide core services, as defined at section 134(d)(2) of WIA and discussed at 20 CFR 663.150, and may be used to provide intensive services as defined at WIA section 134(d)(3)(C) and discussed at 20 CFR 663.200. Funds authorized under section 7(b) of the Act may be used to provide core or intensive services. Core and intensive services must be provided consistent with the requirements of the Act.

§ 652.207 How does a State meet the requirement for universal access to services provided under the Act?

(a) A State has discretion in how it meets the requirement for universal access to services provided under the Act. In exercising this discretion, a State must meet the Act’s requirements.

(b) These requirements are:

(1) Labor exchange services must be available to all employers and job seekers, including unemployment insurance (UI) claimants, veterans, migrant and seasonal farmworkers, and individuals with disabilities;

(2) The State must have the capacity to deliver labor exchange services to employers and job seekers, as described in the Act, on a Statewide basis through:

- (i) Self-service;
- (ii) Facilitated self-help service; and
- (iii) Staff-assisted service;

(3) In each local workforce investment area, in at least one comprehensive physical center, staff funded under the Act must provide core and applicable intensive services including staff-assisted labor exchange services; and

(4) Those labor exchange services provided under the Act in a local workforce investment area must be described in the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU).

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§ 652.208 How are core services and intensive services related to the methods of service delivery described in § 652.207(b)(2)?

Core services and intensive services may be delivered through any of the applicable three methods of service delivery described in § 652.207(b)(2). These methods are:

- (a) Self-service;
- (b) Facilitated self-help service; and
- (c) Staff-assisted service.

§ 652.209 What are the requirements under the Act for providing reemployment services and other activities to referred UI claimants?

(a) In accordance with section 3(c)(3) of the Act, the State agency, as part of the One-Stop delivery system, must provide reemployment services to UI claimants for whom such services are required as a condition for receipt of UI benefits. Services must be provided to the extent that funds are available and must be appropriate to the needs of UI claimants who are referred to reemployment services under any Federal or State UI law.

(b) The State agency must also provide other activities, including:

(1) Coordination of labor exchange services with the provision of UI eligibility services as required by section 5(b)(2) of the Act;

(2) Administration of the work test and provision of job finding and placement services as required by section 7(a)(3)(F) of the Act.

§ 652.210 What are the Act’s requirements for administration of the work test and assistance to UI claimants?

(a) State UI law or rules establish the requirements under which UI claimants must register and search for work in order to fulfill the UI work test requirements.

(b) Staff funded under the Act must assure that:

(1) UI claimants receive the full range of labor exchange services available under the Act that are necessary and appropriate to facilitate their earliest return to work;

(2) UI claimants requiring assistance in seeking work receive the necessary guidance and counseling to ensure they